· S/N: 10/605,387

Reply to Office Action of July 28, 2006

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in

the application:

1. (Original) A method to discharge a capacitor in an automotive electric

drive system of an electric vehicle, wherein the electric drive system includes a DC electric

power source coupled by contactors to the capacitor for providing power to an electric motor

coupled to a pair of wheels to drive the vehicle, the method comprising:

determining a disconnect of the contactors; and

discharging the capacitor in response to the disconnect by controllably

transferring energy from the capacitor to the electric motor without driving the wheels.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the electric drive system

includes an electric motor controller coupled between the capacitor and the electric motor to

controllably transfer energy from the capacitor to the electric motor by controlling current

drawn from the capacitor and voltage provided to the electric motor.

3. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein discharging the capacitor

comprises controlling flux and torque produced by the electric motor to produce positive

power flow from the capacitor to the electric motor.

4. (Original) The method of claim 2 wherein discharging the capacitor

comprises controlling by a software program the electric motor controller to control the current

drawn from the capacitor and the voltage provided to the electric motor by controlling flux and

torque produced by the electric motor.

5. (Original) The method of claim 4 wherein discharging the capacitor

further comprises the software program calculating a quadrature-axis current value and a

direct-axis current value to control the voltage provided to the electric motor, wherein the

voltage provided to the electric motor controls torque and flux produced by the electric motor.

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6. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein discharging the capacitor comprises calculating the quadrature-axis current value and the direct-axis current value such that the quadrature-axis current value is sufficiently small to produce insufficient torque to drive the wheels.

- 7. (Original) The method of claim 5 wherein discharging the capacitor comprises calculating the quadrature-axis current value and the direct-axis current value such that the quadrature-axis current value is zero and no torque is produced by the electric motor for any direct-axis current value.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 8 wherein calculating the quadrature-axis current value and the direct-axis current value comprises calculating values to produce positive power flow from the capacitor to the electric motor which is insufficient torque for driving the wheels.
- 9. (Previously Presented) An automotive electric distribution system for use in an electric vehicle, the system comprising:
 - a DC power source to provide DC energy;
 - a capacitor coupled to the power source;
- a pair of contactors connected between the DC power source and the capacitor to electrically separate the DC power source from the capacitor if the contactors are open;
- an AC electric motor coupled to the power source and coupled to a pair of wheels to drive the vehicle;

an electric motor controller coupled between the capacitor and the electric motor to control voltage provided to the electric motor; and

a software program to discharge the capacitor by controlling the electric motor controller such that energy can be controllably transferred from the capacitor to the electric motor without increasing power used to drive the vehicle by controlling current drawn from the capacitor and voltage provided to the electric motor.

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10. (Original) The system of claim 9 wherein the software program controls discharging of the capacitor by controlling current drawn from the capacitor and voltage provided to the electric motor.

- 11. (Original) The system of claim 9 wherein the software program controls discharging of the capacitor by controlling lux and torque produced by the electric motor.
- 12. (Original) The system of claim 11 wherein the software program controls discharging of the capacitor by controlling flux and torque produced by the electric motor to produce positive power flow from the capacitor to the electric motor.
- 13. (Original) The system of claim 9 wherein the software program controls discharging of the capacitor by calculating a quadrature-axis current value and a direct-axis current value to control the voltage provided to the electric motor, wherein the voltage provided to the electric motor controls torque and flux produced by the electric motor.
- 14. (Original) The system of claim 13 wherein the quadrature-axis and direct axis current values are calculated to produce positive power flow from the capacitor to the electric motor.
- 15. (Original) A method to discharge a capacitor in an electric vehicle electric drive system, wherein the electric drive system includes a DC electric power source coupled by contactors to the capacitor for providing power to an electric motor, the method comprising:

determining a disconnect of the contactors; and

controllably discharging the capacitor in response to the disconnect by controlling current drawn from the capacitor and voltage provided to the electric motor such that stored capacitor energy is controllably transferred from the capacitor to the electric motor.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15 further comprising controlling the

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current flow from the capacitor such that positive power flow is produced from the capacitor to the electric motor.

- 17. (Original) The method of claim 16 further comprising providing a software program to monitor a load on the electric motor and to control the positive power flow based on the load.
- 18. (Previously Presented) A method for discharging a capacitive element coupled across a power source of an electric drive system, the method comprising:

charging the capacitive element with current drawn from the power source; and controllably discharging the capacitive element by controlling current drawn from the capacitive element and transferred to an electric motor without causing the electric motor to drive a device connected thereto.

- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein discharging the capacitive element comprises controlling flux and torque produced by the electric motor to produce positive power flow from the capacitive element to the electric motor.
- 20. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein discharging the capacitive element comprises controlling by a software program calculating a quadrature-axis current value and a direct-axis current value to control the voltage provided to the electric motor, wherein the voltage provided to the electric motor controls torque and flux produced by the electric motor and the current drawn from the capacitive element.
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 wherein discharging the capacitor includes controlling the electric motor to consume energy from the capacitor.
- 22. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21 wherein the electric motor is controlled to consume energy without producing torque.

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23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 21 further comprising determining an amount of torque required to drive the vehicle with the electric motor, wherein the electric motor is controlled to consume energy by providing torque less than the amount of torque required to drive the vehicle.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 23 further comprising determining the amount of torque required to drive the vehicle as a function of vehicle speed.